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Gina Harrison

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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

August 24, 1995

#### **EX PARTE**

William F. Caton Acting Secretary Federal Communications Commission Mail Stop 1170 1919 M Street, N.W., Room 222 Washington, D.C. 20554

Dear Mr. Caton:

Re: CC Docket No. 94-54 - Interconnection and Resale Obligations Pertaining to Commercial Mobile Radio Services; RM-8643 - Petition for Rulemaking of Pacific Bell Mobile Services Regarding a Plan for Sharing the Costs of Microwave Relocation; RM-8658 - Section 68.4(a) of the Commission's Rules Hearing Aid Compatible Telephones; GEN Docket No. 90-314 - Amendment of the Commission's Rules to Establish New Personal Communications Services

Yesterday, James Tuthill, General Counsel, Vice President, External Affairs, Pacific Bell Mobile Services, and I met with Rudolfo M. Baca, Legal Advisor to Commissioner Quello, to discuss issues summarized in Attachments A. B. and C. Mr. Tuthill, Steve Sidore, Director of Network Engineering, Pacific Bell Mobile Services, and I met with Dan Associate Bureau Chief, and Stan Wiggins, of the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau to discuss issues summarized in Attachments A, B and D; with Michael Wack, Deputy Chief, and Jeffrey Steinberg and Pam Megna of the Policy Division, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau to discuss issues contained in Attachment E and relating to Pacific Bell Mobile Services' non-structural safeguards plan; with Robert M. Pepper, Chief, and Gregory Rosston, of the Office of Plans and Policy to discuss issues outlined in Attachment B; and with Michael Buas, of the Office of Engineering and Technology, to discuss issues outlined in Attachment D. Please associate the attached material with the above-referenced proceedings.

We are submitting two copies of this notice in accordance with Section 1.1206(a)(1) of the Commission's Rules.

No. of Copies rec'd\_ List A B C D E William F. Caton August 24, 1995 Page 2

Please stamp and return the provided copy to confirm your receipt. Please contact me should you have any questions or require additional information concerning this matter.

Sincerely,

Gina Harrison

CC:

Rudolfo M. Baca Michael Buas Pam Megna Robert M. Pepper Dan Phythyon Gregory Rosston Jeffrey Steinberg Michael Wack Stan Wiggins

Attachments (5)

### BEGIN RULEMAKING ON MICROWAVE RELOCATION COST SHARING

WE MODIFIED OUR POSITION AND SUPPORT PCIA PROPOSAL



### WE COMPROMISED FOR INDUSTRY CONSENSUS

- OUR PROPOSAL CONSISTS OF 1)INTERFERENCE RIGHTS,
   2)ADJACENT CHANNEL COST SHARING, AND 3)A PER-LINK CAP OF \$600K.
- PCIA PROPOSAL CONSISTS OF 1)INTERFERENCE RIGHTS,
   2)CO-CHANNEL COST SHARING, AND 3)A PER- LINK CAP OF
   \$250K AND \$150K IF THE TOWER HAS TO BE REPLACED.
- WE SUPPORT THE PCIA PROPOSAL AND RECOMMEND THE COMMISSION IMMEDIATELY OPEN A RULEMAKING.



### THERE IS BROAD SUPPORT FOR THE PCIA PROPOSAL

- AMERITECH, AMERICAN PERSONAL COMMUNICATIONS, BELLSOUTH WIRELESS, INC., OMNIPOINT COMMUNICATIONS, WESTERN PCS CORPORATION, AND WE SIGNED ONTO THE PCIA PROPOSAL.
- CTIA SUPPORTS RULES FOR MICROWAVE RELOCATION COST SHARING.
- SPRINT/WIRELESS CO., SUPPORT PCIA PROPOSAL OF \$250K PLUS ADDITIONAL \$150K IF TOWER HAS TO BE REPLACED.
- SWB SUPPORTS OPENING A RULEMAKING.
- COX SUPPORTS COMMISSION ACTION TO DEVELOP AN OBJECTIVE STANDARD OF "INTERFERENCE."
- UTAM SUPPORTS COST SHARING.



### UTC GENERALLY SUPPORTS OUR PROPOSAL

- "THE PBMS PROPOSAL PROVIDES A SOLID FRAMEWORK FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF WORKABLE COST-SHARING PROCEDURES."
- SOME INCUMBENTS MISUNDERSTOOD OUR PROPOSAL; WE ARE NOT PROPOSING A PAYMENT CAP, ONLY A SHARING CAP.



### MICROWAVE RELOCATION

# WILL IT DELAY THE PCS PROMISE?



# COMMISSION ACTION NEEDED

- TO FULFILL PCS PROMISE: *RAPID DEPLOYMENT* OF NEW SERVICES,

  LOWER PRICES, AND, COMPETITION

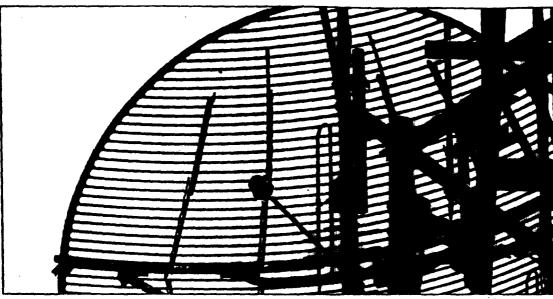
  FOR CELLULAR.
- TO PRESERVE POTENTIAL VALUE OF SPECTRUM IN FUTURE AUCTIONS.



### NEED FOR HELP IS URGENT

- SOME INCUMBENTS BELIEVE THAT THEY ARE ENTITLED TO "GREENMAIL" TO MOVE DURING VOLUNTARY PERIOD.
- THE COMMISSION SHOULD CLARIFY OR REVISE THE RULES.
- INCUMBENTS SHOULD BE REQUIRED TO NEGOTIATE IN GOOD FAITH FOR RELOCATION TO COMPARABLE FACILITIES.





#### **Found Money on** City's Info Highway

By Melinda Powelson

ohn Eger, San Diego's self-professed wizard of telecommunications, has an interesting history. A former CBS broad-

casting enecutive. Fger has advised the likes of past presidents Richard Mison and Gerald Ford on telecommunications. And since moving to

San Diegn six years aga. Eger has succeeded in making himnelf an indispensable advisor to Mayor Susan Golding. Two years ago, Eger, now a

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CHRISTO MEETS COPLEY

penferour at San Lliego State, was appointed to the board of the San Diego Data Processing Center, a city-owned agency that provides the city with computer services. He also serves as chairman of Golding's City of the Future Comnittee, a group intended to hake San Diego the "bub of aformation technology." How Eger is involved in an-

other city project — but this time, he's getting paid. Last month, City Manager Jack McGrory awarded a \$245,000 contract to a nine-member consulting team led by the Washington, D.C. law firm,

JACONE

Keller and Heckman. Figer will serve as the group's "strategic advisor" for a fee of \$270 an

The consultants' assignment: to help negotiate a deal that may be worth millions of

Next year, big cable and begin offering a new kind of personal communication system. tem," supposed to revolutionize the way America commu-nicates. Tiny pocket cellular phones will be able to take incoming calls and pages and serve at an answering machine — all for a numinal fee.

But before telecon cations companies can proceed, they have to clear airwaves currently used by Incai government for police, fire. and ambulance transmiss Cities have been ordered to spectrum for their networks. By law, the new accupants of the frequencies must pay for the expensive equipment re-quired to build new systems quired to bu for the cities.

cities want to be compensated for moving, while communications compenies, anxious to market their products as soon as possible, say they don't want

The Keller and Heckman team is being paid to deter-mine how much money the city should charge for the city should charge for the more. The law firm will also evaluate imspecified furate-gic partnerships, with tele-communications firms. "That has folin Eger's fin-gerprints all over it," says Michael Shames of PEAN

(Utilities Consumer Action Networks, a consumer watchdog group. He points out that Eger has encouraged publicprivate partnerships in the past.

Other cities across the country are grappling with the same problem. But innead "We wanted to move quickly on this and not hold up the new technology," says Richard Wilten of the city's communications department. The inner that we are highly technical. There are going to be very complex negationism."

getistions. That's where Fger and the making transcence on The counts were there and the consulting term corner on. "We didn't have the expective to participate in these regions down," Willem explains, "on me hired a committant to corner up with a plan." The cure sectional three applicants and ultimates three applicants and ultimates three feeling and I fee, kman. The trem is led by Richards, who specializes in telecommonications. Other partici-punts include ( barles I , Iack-ann and letters Robits, of the Strangia Policy Research t en-ner in Maryland; Mark Cooler and Klaux Bender of the Inand Klass recover or tree in-dustry Telecommonous, actives Association; and Fger, who heads up "strategic planning." (Lifte Eger, Robbit and In, burn also charge 5270 as hours." Willen adones that Eger's

participation gase the Keller and Reckman proposal an ad-rantage over the other consul-tants, "We liked the fact that they had someone who knew what the situation here was," Willen says, adding, "I also-lutely don't think it's a conflict."

Shames disagrees, saying Eger's participation raises some important questions.



of hiring costly consultants. Los Angeles, San Francisco. Portland, and Seattle are all handling the negotiations on their men. "We don't want to senate the taxpapers' money." waste the taxparent money,"
says lost flactington of Portland. "This is an insue of securing emergency communiu — not about makine Washington, D.C. lawyers

The dehate began when the Federal Communications Commission (PCC) decided to reevaluate how it divided the radio spectrum. To accom-modate the bosoning cellular industry, the Ft c' ordered the cuties to move.

Pacific felous and time table vision road SM million to secure licenses in San Degis for the new wireless services. Both companies say they want to be on the air and start marketing their services by 1996

We really don't know who [Eger] sits on the City of the Future Committee," Shames says. "Did he do it because he is really interested in finding the best services for the city? Or did he do it so that he could get incrative city

Two weeks ago. Cindy Hichs, Eger's secretary, said her that she would contact Eger about questions regarding his sole in the consulting project. Eger did not return calls, in respanse in subsequent requests. Hicks said Figer was still out of

"We determined that Mr. Feet's rule in the mayor's City nothing to do with the con-tract we are talking about." care Assistant City Attorney Curtis Fitzpatrick. The Commiliee is and grang to mile on a war as bosonie.

#### Info highway

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any of the micronove veloca-tion issues. The city is not going to take the position

No other major West Cases city has hired outside consulting fiven to assist with meganiations. "We are handling this in-house." may five Class, at less Ampries, which in also negatiating with Pacific Televis and Cast Cableviatos. "We have already been antified of their insent to use our microwave bands, and we are hardwards. intent to use our informare bands, and we are beginning the negatiation process," he says, Chan estimates that it

#### CITY LIGHTS

continued from page 9
will cost the companies
roughly \$1 million to move the
city's system.
Portland communication

City's system.

Portland communication director Horrington says his city has also decided to negotiate without consultants.

The emby people who are going to benefit from this are the high-priced consultants, who gat paid ridiculous amounts of money. Most cities should be able to do this on their own."

Son Diego's Wilhen disappees. "This is a very eamplicated area of the law, and it's an important decision for San Diego. We wanted to make certain that we understood aff of the optimes available to us in these negatisations." Purthermore, he adds, the consulting fees will ultimately be paid by Pacific Telesis and Can.—not the tappyers.

Chan says that his department never even considered the manifellar of militir asis.

CASH was men me experi-ment never even considered the possibility of public-pri-vate partnerships. "All we want to do is protect the city's exergency communications net-work," he says, "This is an oppursunity to apprade our sys-tem, at on expense to the lax-payers. I don't think it is ap-

payers. I don't think it is ap-propriate to be speculating, about public-private ventores. Portland's Harrington agrees. "This isn't about look-ing for opportunities to make money. This is about securing emergency communications systems for the metropolitan area. We've already moved our matice communications sysarea. We wanted moved on the contine communications system. What I want to do is recoupt some of the cost of the relocations."

But San Diego's Wilken says that Portland and L.A.

nav he missing out on a once in a lifetime opportunity. "We have been getting calls from all over the U.S. asking us for ad-vice," he says. "We want to make sure that we build a state-of-the-art communications network."

tions network.

However, industry analysts warn that San Diego should-

n't be so cager.
"There are some heightened expectations out there that have to be dealt with. Bilking' would not be too strong of a word," says Mark Golden, of the Personal Cominications Industry Associ-

ation.
"Everyone thinks that be-cause [Pacific Telesis and Cont] have paid millions for the li-censes, that they have limitees deep pockets," continues Gridden. "City officials think that they may have discussed Golden. "City officials think that they may have discovered a way to help balance the budget. That is categorically untrue — and unfair to the industry. This should be a winwin for everybody."

Wilten says San Diego has no intention of extorting money from the providers. "We want to resolve this issue to be health of the transacratic of the transacratic of the transacratic."

to the benefit of the taxpayers. but we don't intend to do
it at the cost of the new
technology," a

# DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS AND HEARING AIDS



### THERE IS NO HEALTH RISK OR HAZZARD

- ALL DIGITAL TRANSMISSIONS HAVE POTENTIAL TO CAUSE INTERFERENCE.
- THERE IS NO RISK OF INJURYBECAUSE OF INTERFERENCE.
- AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT ISSUED REPORT THAT THIS IS NOT A HEALTH PROBLEM.



## FCC SHOULD MONITOR INDUSTRY EFFORTS

- CENTER FOR ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITYIS STUDYING ISSUE AND HAS ASKED FOR PARTICIPATION FROM HEARING IMPAIRED GROUPS.
- REQUESTS TO HALT DEPLOYMENT OF PARTICULAR TECHNOLOGIES ARE WRONG AND EXTREME.
- SOLUTIONS ALREADY EXIST.





### THE COMMISSION SHOULD ADOPT A ROAMING RULE

COMMISSION HELP WILL BE NECESSARY
TO ASSIST PCS's LAUNCH

### The Industry May Not Voluntarily Promote Roaming



- Large Cellular and PCS Companies Plan to Create National Networks:
  - » AT&T/McCAW
  - » AIRTOUCH/BELL ATLANTIC/NYNEX/US WEST
  - » WIRELESS CO.
- Customers of Regional and Small Providers May Be Unable to Access These Networks for Competitive Reasons.

#### A Broad Roaming Policy Should Be Adopted



- The Existing Part 22 Rule, 22.901 Should Be Extended to All CMRS Providers.
- This Would Allow Roaming on Cellular Analog Systems and Other PCS Systems.
- Additionally, the Rule Should Provide That Roaming Is Available on Fair and Nondiscriminatory Terms and Conditions.
- This Is Consistent With Sections 201 and 202.



### Roaming Scenario 1 - Originating Call Only



Subscriber's Capability - Roaming subscribers are only allowed to originate calls.

#### **Contract Arrangements:**

- The subscribers' home network and visited network must have agreements on the terms and conditions to compensate one another for network usage.
- The exchange of billing information becomes part of the billing settlements process.

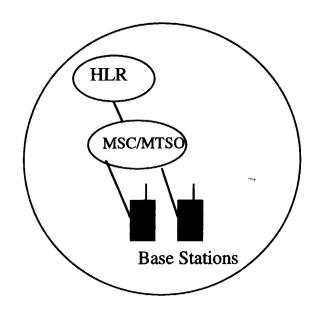
### **Technology Requirements:**

- The only technical requirement is that the subscribers' handset has an air interface compatible with the visited network.
- This may require a dual mode handset. **Dual mode handset** availability (i.e. AMPS/PCS1900) is scheduled for 1Q 1996.

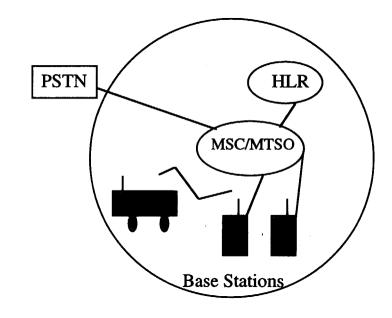
CARROLLE CONTRACTOR CO

### **Roaming Scenario 1 Originating Calls Only**





Network A



Network B

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### Roaming Scenario 2 - Originating and Terminating Calls, Same Network Technology



Subscriber's Capability - Roaming subscribers can originate calls and have calls delivered to them.

**Contract Arrangements**: Same as Scenario 1.

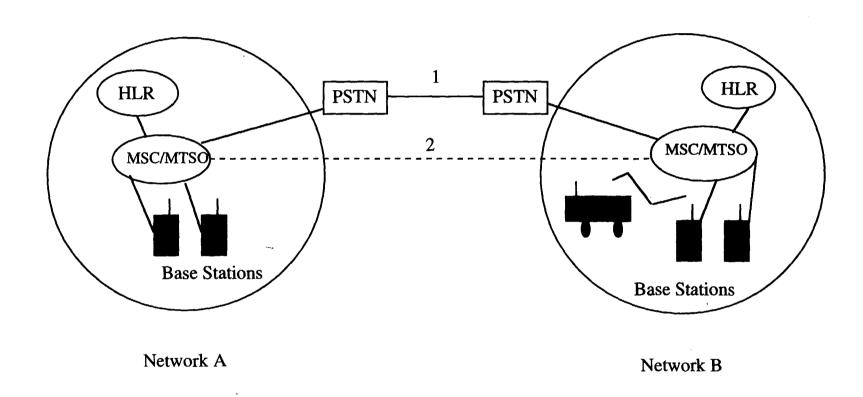
#### **Technology Requirements:**

- The subscribers' handset has the same requirements as Scenario 1.
- To enable roaming subscribers to receive calls their home network must be updated with the identification of the visited MSC/MTSO.
- Home Location Registration (HLR) for full roaming can be accomplished via several mechanisms which cellular uses today (i.e. IS-41, X.25, SS7).
- Call completion to the roaming subscriber is handled no differently than cellular today via the PSTN to the visited network.



### Roaming Scenario 2 - Originating & Terminating Calls Same Network Technology





- 1. Terminating calls are delivered via the PSTN.
- 2. Signaling information exchange via an available national signaling network.

### Roaming Scenario 3 - Originating and Terminating Calls, Different Network Technology PACIFIC BELL Mobile Services

Subscriber's Capability - Roaming subscribers can originate calls and have calls delivered to them.

**Contract Arrangements**: Same as Scenario 1.

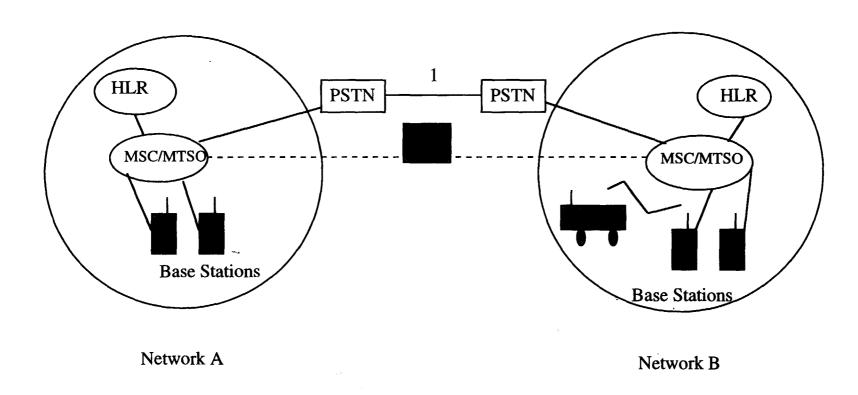
#### **Technology Requirements:**

- •The subscribers' handset has the same requirements as Scenario 1.
- •The subscribers' home network is updated the same way as identified in Scenario 2.
- •Call completion to the roaming subscriber is the same as Scenario 2
- •Protocol conversion will be needed to allow two networks with different technologies (i.e. PCS1900 and AMPS/IS41) to exchange network information messages.
- •An AMPS/TDMA dual mode handset is available today.
- An AMPS/PCS1900 dual mode handset is scheduled for 1Q 1996.
- An IS-41/PCS1900 protocol converter is scheduled for 2Q 1996.



### Roaming Scenario 3 - Originating & Terminating Calls Different Network Technology





- 1. Terminating calls are delivered via the PSTN.
- 2. Signaling information exchange via an available national signaling network with a protocol converter.

### The Sequence of Events that Support Roaming



- 1. A Roaming Agreement is agreed upon and upgraded as needed.
- 2. The companies establish a billing settlements process. (A third party clearinghouse may be used such as GTE using the Cybernet system)
- 3. Billing procedures and processes are developed and implemented.
- 4. Roaming Agreement Database activated for roaming originated calls.
- 5. If the roaming subscriber is allowed to receive calls technical details on how the two networks will exchange registration and call delivery information must be specified. (For example, both companies must agree on what national signaling network will be used to exchange network message information.)